



WHEN THE BORDER VANISHES



General Knowledge Formative Assessment I

This activity may be used either as a way to assess general knowledge of the Diplomacy and Disease program or as an active listening worksheet. Select questions as deemed necessary by time and class profile. Please review the Glossary and Script to assess the correctness of the answers.



Short Answers



01. What is a global issue?
02. What is a non-diplomatic expert?
03. What is meant by "immunity to a particular disease?"
04. What was the Marine Hospital Service?
05. What is a quarantine?
06. Who was Theodore Roosevelt?
07. Who was Dr. Walter Reed?
08. What was Carlos Findlay's theory on the spread of yellow fever?
09. What is influenza?
10. What is a virus?
11. Why did government officials never publicly acknowledge the existence of H1N1?
12. What is hookworm?
13. What steps did the United Fruit Company take to provide a healthier workforce?
14. What was the purpose of the chemical DDT?
15. What is the Global Disease Detection Program?



Essay



01. Global economic interdependence leads to problems we call "global issues." How have global issues effected your life and the life of your family?
02. Many people say, "The world is getting smaller." How has this happened? In your answer cite specific areas that have made it so.

01. Two global issues Americans face are _____ and _____.
02. _____ can spread diseases around the world.
03. Effective solutions always require international consensus through _____.
04. Two issues of great importance to 21st century Americans are the _____ and _____.
05. Our nation's most valuable asset is our _____.
06. Yellow fever was around for 250 years and was called the _____.
07. The British had the advantage early in the Revolutionary War because their soldiers were _____ against disease.
08. Refugees fleeing the Haitian Revolution brought _____ to Philadelphia.
09. In 1798 Congress created the Marine Hospital Service to check incoming ships for _____ and _____ those who were ill.
10. _____ was the richest city in the South until yellow fever arrived on a ship from New Orleans.
11. This doctor, _____ and his Yellow Fever Commission team went to Cuba.
12. The country of _____ was called the "pesthole of the world."
13. In 1902, Americans took over the building of the _____. It was completed in _____.
14. By 1905, yellow fever was controlled, but another disease called _____ was just as deadly and even more difficult to control.
15. The United States entered World War I in the year of _____.

16. The first sign of a new influenza virus called _____ emerged in a military training camp in Kansas in 1918.
17. No reports of the virus appeared in American newspapers because of a new federal law called the _____ of 1917.
18. In 1908, billionaire John D. Rockefeller funded a campaign to rid the American South of _____.
19. Some American businessmen realized that a _____ workforce would benefit their companies.
20. During World War II, American soldiers were _____ before leaving the United States.
21. Four diseases that attacked in the war zones of Europe, North African and Asia were yellow fever, bubonic plague, _____, and typhus.
22. During a 1943 typhus outbreak in Italy, the Army's Malaria Control Unit discovered a chemical called _____.
23. In 1946, the Army's Malaria Control Unit became the _____ for _____.
24. During the 1960s, the CDC worked on _____ eradication in Central and West Africa and Tonga.
25. _____ led to the global eradication of smallpox in 1977.
26. In 1981, a new disease emerged called _____.
27. Each year, 9.5 million people die of _____ diseases.
28. The Gates Foundation will spend \$10 billion during this decade on new vaccines to fight _____ diseases.
29. Former President Jimmy Carter is fighting the parasite called _____ in the Sudan.
30. Good health makes our country _____. Improving the health of other nations may keep us _____.



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General Knowledge Formative Assessment I Answer Key

 Short AnswersEssay 

Please consult the Script and the Glossary to assess the correctness of the answer.

 Fill in the Blanks

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|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 01. Climate change, H1N1 virus | 16. H1N1 |
| 02. Air travel | 17. Espionage Act |
| 03. Diplomacy | 18. Hookworm |
| 04. Environment, disease | 19. Healthier |
| 05. Health | 20. Immunized |
| 06. American plague | 21. Influenza |
| 07. inoculated | 22. DDT |
| 08. Yellow fever | 23. Centers [for] Disease Control |
| 09. Disease, quarantine | 24. Smallpox |
| 10. Memphis | 25. International cooperation |
| 11. Walter Reed | 26. HIV/AIDS |
| 12. Panama | 27. Infectious diseases |
| 13. Panama Canal, 1914 | 28. Tropical |
| 14. Malaria | 29. Guinea worm |
| 15. 1917 | 30. Strong, safe |